Map Symbol	 Map Unit Name 	 Nontechnical Descriptions
AE	 	This organic soil is level, very poorly drained, and fluid. It is in freshwater marshes. The soil is fluid muck in the upper part and fluid clay in the lower part. This soil has low strength and poor trafficability. The total subsidence potential is high.
AN	 	
AR	 	This soil is level, very poorly drained, and fluid. It is a mineral soil that is in swamps. The soil is loamy and fluid throughout, or it has a mucky surface layer and a loamy underlying material. Permeability is slow. The total subsidence potential is medium. The soil has low strength or capacity to support a load.
Ac	 	This somewhat poorly drained, very gently sloping soil lis on side slopes on uplands. It has a loamy surface layer and a clayey subsoil. The soil is acid throughout and has low fertility. Runoff is medium. Water and air move very slowly through the subsoil. The soil has a seasonal high water table for long periods in winter and spring. The clayey subsoil has a high shrink-swell potential.
BA	 	This soil is level and very poorly drained. It is a livery fluid mineral soil in swamps. This soil is ponded and flooded most of the time. Typically, the soil has a muck surface layer and a gray, very fluid clay underlying material. This soil has low strength. The total subsidence potential is medium. If the soil is drained, it can have a very high shrink-swell potential.
BB	FLOODED 	These soils are level and poorly drained. They are on the narrow flood plains of small streams. The soils are subject to frequent flooding. Both soils are loamy throughout. Permeability is slow. Natural fertility is low. The soils have a seasonal high water table for long periods in winter and spring.
Bh	PERCENT SLOPES - 	This very gently sloping or gently sloping, somewhat excessively drained soil is on low stream terraces. It is sandy throughout. Permeability is moderately rapid. The available water capacity is low or very low. Natural fertility is low. The soil has a seasonal high water table in winter and spring.
Bn	UNDULATING 	This complex consists of the somewhat excessively

Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Nontechnical Descriptions
Во	BRIMSTONE SILT LOAM	This level, poorly drained soil is on low terraces. It is loamy throughout and contains a high concentration of sodium in the subsoil. Natural fertility is low. Permeability is very slow. The soil has a seasonal high water table for long periods in winter and spring.
CO	CLOVELLY MUCK	This very poorly drained, very fluid, slightly saline, organic soil is in brackish marshes. It is flooded and ponded most of the time. The soil has a thick, fluid mucky surface layer and a fluid clayey underlying material. It has low strength and poor trafficability. The total subsidence potential is high.
Cd	CADDO-MESSER SILT LOAMS I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	These Caddo and Messer soils are in broad areas on the Iterrace uplands. The Caddo soil is poorly drained and is in swales and on level areas. It makes up most of Ithe map unit. The Messer soil is moderately well Idrained and is on mounds and low ridges. Both soils are acid and loamy throughout the profile. Permeability is slow in both soils. Runoff is slow on Ithe Caddo soil and medium on the Messer soil. Both Isoils have a seasonal high water table for long Iperiods in winter and spring.
Ch	CAHABA FINE SANDY LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	This well drained, very gently sloping or gently sloping soil is on low stream terraces. It is loamy throughout, or it has a sandy surface layer and a loamy subsoil. Runoff is medium. Water and air move at a moderate rate through the subsoil. The soil dries quickly after rains. Plants are damaged by a lack of moisture during dry periods in summer and fall.
Cr		These Crowley and Vidrine soils are on broad slightly Convex areas on the Gulf Coastal Prairie. The Crowley soil is poorly drained and makes up most of the acreage. The Vidrine soil is somewhat poorly drained. It is on smooth mound areas and microridges. Both soils have a loamy surface layer and a clayey and loamy subsoil. They are acid throughout the crop rooting zone and have low natural fertility. Permeability is very slow in the Crowley soil and slow in the Vidrine soil. Surface runoff is slow on both soils. The shrink-swell potential is high.
Dm	 DUMPS 	IThis miscellaneous area consists of refuse dumps and sanitary landfills. Dumps are nearly level to sloping. The areas consist of successive layers of compacted refuse and thin soil layers.
GB	 GED CLAY 	This firm mineral soil is level and very poorly drained. It is in freshwater marshes. The surface layer is a fluid clay or mucky clay. The subsoil is firm clay. The soil is ponded or flooded most of the time. Permeability is very slow. The shrink-swell potential is high.
GC	 GENTILLY MUCK 	This very poorly drained, fluid, mineral soil is in brackish marshes. It is flooded or ponded most of the time. The soil has a fluid mucky surface layer and a fluid clayey underlying material. It has low strength and poor trafficability. The total subsidence potential is medium.
	.1	l

Map Symbol	 Map Unit Name 	
GU		This level, poorly drained soil is on flood plains. It is subject to frequent flooding. The soil is loamy throughout. It has low natural fertility. Surface runoff and permeability are slow. A seasonal high water table ranges from the surface to a depth of about 1.5 feet.
Ge	GLENMORA SILT LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	This moderately well drained, very gently sloping soil is on uplands. It is loamy throughout. Natural fertility is moderately low. Runoff is medium. Water and air move slowly through the subsoil. A seasonal high water table is about 2 to 3 feet below the surface in winter and spring. The subsoil has a moderate shrink-swell potential.
Gg		This moderately well drained, very gently sloping to gently sloping soil is on uplands. It has a loamy surface layer and a clayey subsoil. The soil is acid throughout and has low fertility. Runoff is medium, and water moves very slowly through the subsoil. The shrink-swell potential is high or very high in the subsoil. In places, the soil is moderately eroded.
Go		This level, poorly drained soil is in depressional areas. It is occasionally flooded, ponded, or otherwise saturated for long periods in winter and spring. The soil is acid and loamy throughout. Natural fertility is low. Permeability is slow or very slow. Runoff is very slow to ponded. The shrink-swell potential is low.
Gy	 GUYTON-MESSER SILT LOAMS 	These Guyton and Messer soils are in a landscape of broad flats and many pimple mounds. Messer soil is on the mounds, and Guyton soil is on the flats. Slopes range from less than 1 percent on the flats to 5 percent on the mounds. The Guyton soil is poorly drained, and the Messer soil is moderately well drained. Both soils are loamy throughout and have a seasonal high water table during the winter and spring. Permeability is slow in both soils. Natural fertility is low.
<i>J</i> u	 JUDICE SILTY CLAY LOAM 	This level, poorly drained soil is on broad flats on The terrace uplands. It formed in alluvium. It has an acid or neutral silty clay loam surface layer and a moderately alkaline silty clay subsoil. This soil has a darker surface layer that contains more organic matter than most other soils in the parish. Natural fertility is medium to moderately high. Surface runoff lis very slow. Water and air move very slowly through the subsoil. A seasonal high water table is within 2 feet of the soil surface for long periods during December through April. The soil has a high shrink- swell potential in the subsoil. Slopes are less than 1 percent.
Kd	 KINDER-MESSER SILT LOAMS 	These Kinder and Messer soils are in a landscape of broad flats and many pimple mounds. Most of the mounds have been smoothed for farming. Messer soil is on the mounds, or smoothed mound areas and Kinder soil is on the flats. Slope ranges from 0 to 1 percent. The Kinder soil is poorly drained, and the Messer soil is moderately well drained. Both soils are loamy throughout and have a seasonal high water table during the winter and spring. Permeability is slow in both soils. Natural fertility is low.

Map Symbol	 Map Unit Name 	 Nontechnical Descriptions
LE	 LAROSE MUCKY CLAY 	
Lt	 LETON SILT LOAM 	This soil is level and poorly drained. It is subject Ito rare flooding. The soil is on broad flats and in Slightly depressional areas on terraces. Typically, Ithe soil is acid and loamy throughout. Natural Ifertility is low. Permeability is slow or moderately Islow. Water runs off the surface at a slow rate and Istands in low places for short to long periods after Irains. A seasonal high water table is near the surface Ifor long periods in winter and spring. The shrink- Iswell potential is low or moderate.
Mb	MALBIS FINE SANDY LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES	This moderately well drained, very gently sloping to gently sloping soil is on uplands. It is loamy throughout and has plinthite in the lower part of the subsoil. Natural fertility is low. Runoff is medium, and water and air move moderately slowly through the soil.
Mg	MESSER SILT LOAM, 1 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES	This gently sloping and moderately sloping, moderately well drained soil is on terraces. It is loamy throughout. Permeability is slow. Natural fertility is low. The soil has a seasonal high water table in winter and spring.
Mh	MESSER-GUYTON SILT LOAMS, GENTLY UNDULATING	This complex consists of the gentlty undulating, moderately well drained Messer soil and the poorly drained Guyton soil on terraces. The Messer soil is on narrow ridges and the Guyton soil is in swales. Both soils are loamy throughout. Permeability is slow. Natural fertility is low. Both soils have a seasonal high water table in winter and spring. The Guyton soil is subject to rare flooding.
Mn	 MIDLAND SILTY CLAY LOAM 	This level, poorly drained soil is on terraces. It has an acid, loamy surface layer and a clayey and loamy subsoil that is alkaline. Permeability is very slow. The soil has a seasonal high water table in winter and spring. Natural fertility is medium. The shrink-swell potential in the subsoil is high.
Mr	 MOREY LOAM 	This level, poorly drained soil is on terraces. It is loamy throughout and has a surface layer that typically is darker than most surrounding soils. Permeability is slow. Natural fertility is medium. The soil has a seasonal high water table in winter and spring. It is subject to rare flooding.
Mt	 MOWATA-VIDRINE SILT LOAMS 	This complex consists of the poorly drained Mowata soil and the somewhat poorly drained Vidrine soil. The Vidrine soil is on small mounds or smoothed mound areas. The Mowata soil is in areas between the mounds. Both soils have a loamy surface layer and a clayey and loamy subsoil. Permeability is very slow or slow. Natural fertility is medium. Both soils have a seasonal high water table in winter and spring.

 Map Symbol	 Map Unit Name 	
Pt Pt 		These areas consist of gravel pits, sand pits, and borrow pits. Borrow pits are areas from which soil material has been removed for use in constructing roads and developing commercial and residential areas.
 UA 	 	
UN	 	
 Up 	 	Urbanland consists of areas where more than 85 percent of the surface is covered by asphalt, concrete, buildings, or other impervious surfaces. Examples are parking lots, oil storage tank farms, industrial parks, and shopping centers.
 Ur 	FLOODED 	
 Vn 		This very gently sloping, somewhat poorly drained soil is on terraces. It has a loamy surface layer and a loamy and clayey subsoil. Permeability is slow. Natural fertility is medium. The soil has a seasonal high water table in winter and spring. The shrink- swell potential in the subsoil is high.